THE ORISSA



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CUTTACK, FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1945

SEPARATE PAGING IS GIVEN TO THIS PART, IN ORDER THAT IT MAY BE FILED AS A SEPARATE COMPILATION

PART IV

Regulations, Orders, Notifications and Rules, of the Government of India, of the Government of Bihar, and of the High Court. Papers extracted from the Gazette of India and Provincial Gazettes. Orders of Commandants of Volunteers Corps

DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT NOTIFICATIONS

The 10th January 1945

No. 638-3.T.—The following notifications, issued by the Government of India, in the Department of War Transport, are republished for general information.

By order of the Governor C. S. JHA

Secretary to Government

New Delhi, 14th December 1944

No. 1-PR(9)/44—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Motor Spirit Rationing Order, 1941, namely:

Clause 8 of the said Order shall be re-numbered as subclause (1) of that Clause, and after sub-clause (1) as so re-numbered, the following sub-clause shall be added,

"(2) The Central or Provincial Government may authorise the issue of special receipts in place of any coupons or class of coupons referred to in clause 9 to such persons and in such circumstances as may be specified, and any special receipts so issued shall be as valid as coupons for the purposes of this Order."

New Delhi, 14th December 1944 No. 20-LPC (2)/44—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the

following further amendments shall be made in the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, namely :

In the Third Schedule annexed to the said Order:—
1. Against Madras, after the entry "40. Associated Electrical Industries (India) Ltd., Madras and Coimbatore", the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—
"41 The General Electric Co. (India) Ltd., Madras."

2. Against Bombay, after the entry "75. Associated Electrical Industries (India) Ltd., Bombay "the following entries shall be inserted, namely:

"76. The Deccan Automobiles, Nasik City.

77. The General Motor Accessories Stores, Belgaum.78. Tammappa Kousali, Hubli.

79. Poona Automobiles, Poona. 80. Western Automobiles, Poona ".

- 3. Against Rengal, after the entry "32. Motors, Calcutta, the following entries shall be inserted, namely:
 - " 33. The Pioneer Motor and Electric Co., Calcutta.

34. Ganeshdas Ramgopal, Calcutta. 35. Prabhashankar Jivraj. Asansol"

4. Against Central Provinces and Berar, after the entry "14. C. Eduljee & Co., Nagpur" the following entry shall be inserted, namely:

"15. Shriram Auto Stores, Amraoti".
5. Against Baluchistan, for the entry "2. Jullundur Motor Agency, Quetta," the following entry shall be substituted, namely:-

"2. Jullundur Motor Agency, Karachi."

New Delhi, 18th December 1944

No. LV-3 (14)/44—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of Rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that with effect from the 1st January 1945, the following amendment shall be made in the Used Motor Vehicles Control Order, 1944, namely :-

For the Schedule annexed to the said Order, the following Schedule shall be substituted namely :-

THE SCHEDULE (See Clauses 2, 6 and 13)

Scheduled sale price of motor cars of certain English and American makes.

Serial No.	Make	Model	Year of Manu- facture	Scheduled sale price	Serial No.	Make		Model	1	ear of danu- acture	Scheduled sale price
1	2	3	4	5	1	2		3		4	5
	PART	I-MOTOR CARS OF ENG	LISH MAK	£				+			Rs.
				Rs.		4 4.		LOTT D. O C.		7040	4.000
	A adding	8 H. P. Saloon	and 1943	4,117	4	Austin	• •	10 H. P. Open four	and	1943	4,862
1 .	Austin	Cabriolet.	1942	3,632				two seater.		1942	4,290
		Capitoles.	1941	3,148					•	$1941 \\ 1940$	3,718
			1940	2,664						1939	3,146
			1939	2,179						1938	2,575
			1938	1,695				٠.		1935	2,012
			1937	1,453						1936	1,716 1,430
			1936	1,211	13				_		
2	Austin	8 H. P. Four and	two 1943	3,730	5	Austin	• •	12 H. P. Salocon	and		6,216
-	Adoun	seater tourer.	1942	3,291		100		Cabriolet.		1942	5,485
		000000	1941	2,852						1941	4,753
			1940	2,413						1940	4,022
			1939	1,975						1939	3,291
			1938	1,536						1938	2,560
			1937	1,316						1937	2,194
			1936	1,097		•				1936	1,828
3	Austin	10 H. P. Saloon	and 1943	5,111	6	Austin		12 H. P. Open four	and	1943	5,801
•		Cabriolet.	1942	4,510				two seater.		1942	5,119
			1941	3,908						1941	4,436
			1940	3,307						1940	3,754
		*	1939	2,706						1939	3,071
			1938	2,105						1938	2,389
	,		1937	1,804						1937	2,048
			1936	1,503				_		1936	1,706

Ser N	о. мыке	Mod 3	el		Mannu- facture	Scheduled sale price 5	Serial No. 1	Make 2	١.		Model 3	*	Manu- facture	Schedul salo price 5
	7 Austin	16 Н.	P. Saloon	and	1943	Rs. 6,769	-							Rs.
	, 114000	Cabri			1942 1941	5,972 5,176	20	Hillman		20 H.P			1943	12,92
					1940	4,380							1942 1941	11,40 ₀ 9,88 ₀
					1939 1938	3,583 -2,787							$1940 \\ 1939$	8.36
			,		$1937 \\ 1936$	2,389 1,991							1938 1937	6,84 5,32
1	8 Austin	16 H. F	Open four	and	$1943 \\ 1942$	$6,492 \\ 5,729$							1936	4,56 3,80
		two se	oa por .		1941	4,965 4,201	21	Humber		12 H.P.			$1943 \\ 1942$	9,20
					1940 1939	3,437							1941	8,12; 7,04
					1938 1937	2,673 2,291							$1940 \\ 1939$	5,95 4,87
		10 II D			$\begin{array}{c} 1936 \\ 1943 \end{array}$	1,910 11,951							$\frac{1938}{1937}$	3,79
g	Austin	18 Н. Р.			1942	10,545							1936	$\frac{3,249}{2,708}$
				1	1941 1940	$9,139 \\ 7,733$	22	Humber	• •	17 H.P. Saloo		teen ''	1943	11,14
					$1939 \\ 1938$	6,327 $4,921$				Ņ ai 00			1942	9,83
					1937	4,218							$1941 \\ 1940$	8,529 7,21
10	Austin	28 H. P.	Ranelagh Sal	loon	$1936 \\ 1943$	3,515 $19,219$		A					$\begin{array}{c} 1939 \\ 1938 \end{array}$	5,90
					$1942 \\ 1941$	16,958 $14,697$							1937	4,589 3,93
					1940	12,436	23	Humber '		18 H.P.	"Eio	hteen "	1936 1943	3,27
					$\begin{array}{c} 1939 \\ 1938 \end{array}$	$10,175 \\ 7,914$	10	AT CHARLES	• • •	Saloo		, and the same	1,1	14,85
				٠.	$1937 \\ 1936$	6,783 5,653		Ī					$1942 \\ 1941$	13,116 11,36
11	Austin		"Twenty" M		1943	23,095							$1940 \\ 1939$	9,61
		_ (1)		and- and	$\begin{array}{c} 1942 \\ 1941 \end{array}$	20,378 17,661		• "					1938	7,86 6,11
	,		Limousine.		$1940 \\ 1939$	14,944 $12,227$							$\begin{array}{c} 1937 \\ 1936 \end{array}$	5,24 4,37
					1938	9,510	24	Humber	7.	21 H.P.	" Snipe	,,	1943	11,46
					$1937 \\ 1936$	$8,151 \\ 6,793$							$\begin{array}{c} 1942 \\ 1941 \end{array}$	10,11 8,76
12	Alvis	13 H.P. " 12-	-70 '' Models	3	$\begin{array}{c} 1943 \\ 1942 \end{array}$	14,051 12,398		,					$1940 \\ 1939$	7,42 6,07
					1941	10,745							1938	4,72
					$1940 \\ 1939$	$9,092 \\ 7,439$							$\begin{array}{c} 1937 \\ 1936 \end{array}$	$\frac{4,04}{3,37}$
					$1938 \\ 1937$	5,786 4,959	25	Humber.	• •	27 H.P	. "Super	Snipe'	$1943 \\ 1942$	12,43 $10,97$
10	A	14 77 7	1		1936	4,133							1941	9,51
13	Armstrong Siddeley.	3 14 H.P.			$1943 \\ 1942$	10,821 9,548							$\begin{array}{c} 1940 \\ 1939 \end{array}$	8,04 6,58
	7				$1941 \\ 1940$	$8,275 \\ 7,002$		-					$1938 \\ 1937$	5,12 4,38
					1939	5,729							1936	3,65
					$\begin{array}{c} 1938 \\ 1937 \end{array}$	$\frac{4,456}{3,819}$	26	Humber	·	27 H.P.	" Snipe	Imperial'	1943 1942	17,119 15,10
14	Ford	8 H.P. 8	aloon		$1936 \\ 1943$	3,183 3,454							1941	13,09
					1942	3,047							$1940 \\ 1939$	$\frac{11,07}{9,06}$
					1941 1940	$2,641 \\ 2,235$							$1938 \\ 1937$	7,04 6,04
				•	$\frac{1939}{1938}$	1,828 $1,422$							1936	5,03
					1937 1936	1,219	27	Humber	• •	27 H.P.	" Pullma	n''	$\frac{1943}{1942}$	24,228 $21,378$
15	Ford	10 H.P.	Saloon	and	1943	1,016 4,213							1941	18,52
		Toure	· .		1942 1941	$3,717 \\ 3,221$					0		$\begin{array}{c} 1940 \\ 1939 \end{array}$	15,67 12,82
					$1940 \\ 1939$	$2,726 \\ 2,230$							$\begin{array}{c} 1938 \\ 1937 \end{array}$	9,97, 8,55
					1938	1,735	2.0					1	1936	7,12
					$\begin{array}{c} 1937 \\ 1936 \end{array}$	1,487 1,239	28	Lanchester	• • •	11 H.P.	Saloon		$\begin{array}{c} 1943 \\ 1942 \end{array}$	9,529 8,40
16	Ford	22 H.P.	• •	• •	$1943 \\ 1942$	6,452 5,693							1941	7,28 6,16
		,			1941	4,934							$\frac{1940}{1939}$	5,04
					1940 1939	4,175 3,416							$1938 \\ 1937$	3,92 3,36
					$1938 \\ 1937$	$\substack{2,657'\\2,277}$	20				٠.		1936	2,80
17	Hillman	10 H.P.	Minx Saloon		$\begin{array}{c} 1936 \\ 1943 \end{array}$	1,898	29	Lanchester	• •	12 H.P.	Saloon		$\begin{array}{c} 1943 \\ 1942 \end{array}$	10,982 9,690
1,	711111111111111111111111111111111111111		MINZ 15010011	••	1942	4,835 4,266							$1941 \\ 1940$	8,398 7,106
					1941 1940	$3,697 \\ 3,128$							1939 -	5,814
					1939 1938	2,560	,						$\frac{1938}{1937}$	4,522 3,876
					1937	1,991 1,706	90	T1		1477 70			1936	3,230
18	Hillman	14 H.P.	Saloon		$\begin{array}{c} 1936 \\ 1943 \end{array}$	1,422 8,237	30	Lanchester	• •	14 H. P	. Saloon		1943 1942	12,113 10,688
					1942 1941	7,268							1941	9,263 7,838
					1940	6,299 5,330							1940 1939	6.413
					1939 1938	$\frac{4,361}{3,392}$		+					$\frac{1938}{1937}$	4,988 4,275
					1937 • 1936	2,907	91	Londing		10	n		1936	3,563
19	Hillman	17 Н.Р.			1943	2,423 11,305	31	Lanchester	• •	19 H.I Saloo	r. "Ei ń.	ighteen ''	1943	16,958
					$1942 \\ 1941$	9,975 8,645							1942	14,968 12,968
					1940 1939	7,315 5,985							1941 1940	10.973
					1938 1937	4,655	,						$\frac{1939}{1938}$	8,978 6,983
					- 11:477	3,990							1937	5,98

ri a l Io. 1	Make 2	Model 3		Year of Manu- acture 4	sale price 5	Serial No. l	Make 2		Model 3	Manu- facture	Schedul sale price 5
32	Morris	8 H.P. Two and	l four	1943	Rs.			¥			R
		seator open.	ı tour	1942	3,730 3,291	40	Rover	• •	12 H.P. Saloon .	. 1943 1942	9,6 8,5
				1941 1940	2,852 2,413		,			1941	7,4
		•		1939	1,975				*	1940 1939	6,2 5,1
				$\frac{1938}{1937}$	1,536 1,316					1938	3,9
50	Mounta			1936	1,097					1937 1936	3,4 2,8
33	Morris	8 H.P. Saloon	• • •	$1943 \\ 1942$	4,117 3,632	46	Rover	• •	l4 H.P. Saloon	1943	10,6
	,			1941	3,148					1942 1941	9,4 8,1
				$\frac{1940}{1939}$	$2,664 \\ 2,179$					1940	6,8
		-		1938	1,695					$\frac{1939}{1938}$	5,6 4,3
				1937 1936	1,453 1,211					1937	3.7
34	Morris	10 H.P. Saloon		1943	5,111	47	Rover		17 H.P. "Sixteen "Saloor	1936 1943	3,1 11,6
				$1942 \\ 1941$	4,510 3,908					1942	10,2
				1940	3,307					1941 1940	8,8 7,8
				1939 1938	2,706 2,105		+		**	193 9	6,1
				1937	1,804					1938 1937	4,7 4,1
35	Morris	12 H. P. Saloon		$1936 \\ 1943$	1,503 5,940	49	Rover		ao II D. Calandi	1936	3,4
00	ALOMIO	12 AI. I. Daloon		1942	5,241	310	IVOVEF	• •	20 H.P. Seloon	1943 1942	13,7 12,1
				$1941 \\ 1940$	4,542 3,343					1941	10,4
				1939	3,145	2				1940 1939	8,8 7,2
				1938 1937	2,446					1938	5,6
				1936	2,096 $1,747$,			$\frac{1937}{1936}$	4,
36	Morris	14 H.P. Saloon		$1943 \\ 1942$	6,851 6,045	49	Singer	• •	9 H. P. Saloon	1943	4,
				1941	5,239					1942 1941	3, 3,
				1940 1939	4,433 3,627					1940	2,
			7	1939	2,821					$\frac{1939}{1938}$	2, 1,
				1937	2,418					1937	1,
7	Morris	16 H.P. & 18 H.P.	Saloon	$1936 \\ 1943$	2,015 9,367	50	Singer		10 H. P. Saloon	1936 . 1943	1, - 5,
	4			1942	8,265		- 6-		,	1942	4,
				1941 1940	7,163 6,061	-				1941 1940	4
				1939	4,959		-			1939	3,
				$\frac{1938}{1937}$	3,857 3,306					1938	2,
		,		1936	2,755					1937 1936	1, 1,
8	Morris	21 H.P.		$1943 \\ 1942$	10,013 8,835	51	Singer	• •	11 H. P. Saloon .	. 1943	6,
				1941	7,657					$\frac{1942}{1941}$	5, 4,
				$1940 \\ 1939$	6,479 5,301					1940	4,
		y		1938	4,123					. 1939 1938	3, 2,
				1937 1936	3,534 2,945					1937	2,
9	Morris	25 H.P		1943	10,336	52	Singer		12 H. P	1936 1943	1, 6,
		,		$1942 \\ 1941$	9,120 $7,904$					1942	6,
				1940	6,688					1941 1940	5, 4,
				1939 1938	5,472 4,256				. ,	1939	3,
				1937	3,648	•				1938 1937	2, 2,
^	D.S.	O YY D Salaan		1936	3,040	53	Singer		16 H. P.	1936	2,
0	Riley	9 H.P. Saloon	• •	1943 ¹ 1942	10,175 8,978	00	onger	• •	юн. г	. 1943 1942	10, 9,
				1941	7,781				,	1941	8,
				1940 1939	6,584 5,387					1940 1939	6 5
	,			1938	4,190		1			1938	* 4
			19	1937 1936	3,591 2,993					1937 1936	3
l	Riley	12 H.P. Saloon	• •	1943	10,821	54	Standard	• •	10 H. P. "SS—11" .	. 1943	6
				$1942 \\ 1941$	9,548 8,275					1942 1941	, 5
				1940	7,002					1940	4
				$\frac{1939}{1939}$	5,729 4,456					1939 1938	3
				1937	3,819					1937	$\frac{2}{2}$
2	Riley .	12 H.P. Open Tour	A r	1936 1943	3,183 12,436	55	Standard		12 H. P. " SS—11 "	1936 1943	1
-	TAILON .	Trit ohon tonu		1942	10,973					1942	6 5
	. ,			$1941 \\ 1940$	9,510 8,047					$1941 \\ 1940$	5
				1939	6,584					1939	4
				1938 1937	5,121 4,389		4.7			1938	2
				1936	3,658					1937 1936	2
}	Riley	16 H.P	• -	1943	13,243	5 6	Standard		12, 13 and 14 H.P. I	1943	. 9
		,		1942 1941	11,685 10,127				litre Jaguar.	1942	8
				1940	8,569					1941 1940	7
		9.		1939 1938	7,011 5,453				•	1939	5
				1937	4,674		•			1938 1937	3
	Dove	10 TO D Salaan		$1936 \\ 1943$	3,895 8,883	E7	Standard		96 Tr of 112 =	1936	2
r	Rover	10 H.P. Saloon	• •	1942	7,838	01	DARDHONG	• •	20 H. P. 21 litre Jaguar.	. 1943 1942	12
				1941	6,793					1941	11 9 8
				1940 1939	5,748 4,703					1940	8
				1938	3,658					1939 1938	6 5
				1937	3,135					1937	4

Seri No			Model 3	Year of Manu- facture		Seria No. 1			Year of Manu facture 4	Sohe 8: pr
_	S Standard		25 H. P. 3½ litre Jaguar.	1943	Rs. 14,374	71	Sunbeam-Tal-	21 H.P. 3 litre Open		
J	Juandord	••	no II. I. of mic ouguer.	1942	12,683		bot.	Sports Tourer.	1942]]]
				$1941 \\ 1940$	10,992 $9,301$				$1941 \\ 1940$	
				1939	7,610		`		1939	
				$\frac{1938}{1937}$	5,919 5,073				$\frac{1938}{1937}$	
				1936	4,228				1936	
59	Standard '	• •	8 H. P. Saloon	$1943 \\ 1942$	3,840 3,389	72	Sunbeam-Tal- bot.			1
				1941	2,937		Dou.	Saloon.	$1942 \\ 1941$	1
				1940	2,485				1940	. 1
				$\begin{array}{c} 1939 \\ 1938 \end{array}$	2,033 $1,581$				$\frac{1939}{1938}$	
				1937	1,355				1937	
60	Standard		8 H. P. Open Tourer	$1936 \\ 1943$	1,130 $3,454$	73	Supheen To 1	27 H.P. 4 litre Saloon	1936	
o o	Standard	• •	S.H. F. Open Touter	1942	3,047	10	bot.	21 H.P. 4 litre baloon	$\begin{array}{c} 1943 \\ 1942 \end{array}$	1
		+		1941	2,641				1941	1
				$\begin{array}{c} 1940 \\ 1939 \end{array}$	$\frac{2,235}{1,828}$				$\frac{1940}{1939}$	
				1938	1,422		•		1938	
				1937	1,219				1937	
1	Standard		9 H. P. Saloon	$\begin{array}{c} 1936 \\ 1943 \end{array}$	1,016 $4,559$	74	Triumph	11 H.P. Saloon "Gloria"	$\begin{array}{c} 1936 \\ 1943 \end{array}$	
				1942	4,022			Za Zziz , Ronovii Givilo	1942	
				$\begin{array}{c} 1941 \\ 1940 \end{array}$	3,486				1941	
				1939	$2,950 \\ 2,413$				$\begin{array}{c} 1940 \\ 1939 \end{array}$	
				1938	1,877				1938	
				$\begin{array}{c} 1937 \\ 1936 \end{array}$	$\frac{1,609}{1,341}$				$\begin{array}{c} 1937 \\ 1936 \end{array}$	
2	Standard		10 H. P. Saloon	1943	4,945	75	Triumph	11 H.P. Open Tourer	1936	
				1942	4,364	-	•	" Gloria "."	1942	
	,			$1941 \\ 1940$	3,782 3,200				$1941 \\ 1940$	
				1939	2,618				1939	
				$\frac{1938}{1937}$	$\frac{2,036}{1.745}$				1938	
				1936	$1,745 \\ 1,455$				$\begin{array}{c} 1937 \\ 1936 \end{array}$	
	Standard	• •	12 H.P. Saloon	1943	6,216	76	Triumph	12 H.P. Saloon	1943	
				$1942 \\ 1941$	5,485 $4,753$				$\begin{array}{c} 1942 \\ 1941 \end{array}$	
				1940	4,022				1940	
			- 2	1939	3,291				1939	
				$\begin{array}{c} 1938 \\ 1937 \end{array}$	$2,560 \\ 2,194$				$\frac{1938}{1937}$	
				1936	1,828				1936	
	Standard	••	14 H.P. Saloon	1943	8,656	. 77	Triumph		1943	1
				$\begin{array}{c} 1942 \\ 1941 \end{array}$	$7,638 \\ 6,620$,	mite ".	$1942 \\ 1941$	
				1940	5,601				1940	
				$\begin{array}{c} 1939 \\ 1938 \end{array}$	$\frac{4,583}{3,564}$				$\begin{array}{c} 1939 \\ 1938 \end{array}$	
				1937	3,055				1937	
i	Stondard		16 H.P. Saloon	$\frac{1936}{1943}$	2,546	78	Vaurhall	10 T D Salara	1936	
'	Standard	• •	TO TILL DOUGH	$1943 \\ 1942$	8,689 7,667	10	Vauxhall	10 H. P. Saloon	$1943 \\ 1942$	- :
				1941	6,644				1941	
				$\begin{array}{c} 1940 \\ 1939 \end{array}$	5,622 4,600				1940 . 1939	
				1938	3,578			-	1938	
				$\begin{array}{c} 1937 \\ 1936 \end{array}$	3,067		14.		1937	
3	Standard		20 H.P. Saloon	1936 1943	2,556 9,658	79	Vauxhall	12 H. P. Saloon	$\begin{array}{c} 1936 \\ 1943 \end{array}$	
				1942	8,522				1942	
	i			$1941 \\ 1940$	7,385 $6,249$				$1941 \\ 1940$	
				1939	5,113				1939	
				1938	3,977			. **	1938	
				$\begin{array}{c} 1937 \\ 1936 \end{array}$	$3,409 \\ 2,841$				$\begin{array}{c} 1937 \\ 1936 \end{array}$	
7	Standard		20 H.P. V.S. Saloon	1943	10,498	80	Vauxhall	12 H. P. Open Tourer	1943	
				1942 1941	9,263 8,028				$\begin{array}{c} 1942 \\ 1941 \end{array}$	
				1940	6,793				1941	
				1939	5,558				1939	
				$\begin{array}{c} 1938 \\ 1937 \end{array}$	4,323 3,705			,	$\begin{array}{c} 1938 \\ 1937 \end{array}$	
_	a		10 TT D C 1	1936	3,088	0.7	**	1177 7	1936	:
8	Sunbeam-T bot.	a I-	10 H.P. Saloon & Tourer	$1943 \\ 1942$	8,560 $7,553$	81	Vauxhall	14 H. P. Saloon	$1943 \\ 1942$	
	200.			1941	6,546			5	1942 1941	
				1940	5,539				1940	
	,			$\frac{1939}{1938}$	4,532 3,525	,			$\begin{array}{c} 1939 \\ 1938 \end{array}$	
				1937	3,021				1937	
9	Sunbeam T	g 1.	18 H.P. " 75 " Saloon	$1936 \\ 1943$	$\frac{2,518}{13,728}$	82	Vauxhall	90 H D Calana	1936	
J	bot.	a 4.	TO ALLE TO DESCORE	1942	12,113	02	vauxnaii	20 H. P. Saloon	$1943 \\ 1942$	1
				1941	10,498				1941	
				1940 1939	8,883 7,268			,	$1940 \\ 1939$	
				1938	5,653				1939	
				1937	4,845				1937	
0	Sunbeam-T	a 1-	21 H.P. 3 litre Saloon	$\frac{1936}{1943}$	4,038 13,405	83	Vauxhall	25 H. P. Luxury Saloon	$1936 \\ 1943$	1
,	bot.			1942	11,828	00	. weekiwii	-0 II. I, DUNUTY BEIOUII.	1942	
				1941	10,251				1941	
				$1940 \\ 1939$	8,674 7,497				$\begin{array}{c} 1940 \\ 1939 \end{array}$,
				1938	5,520				1938	
				1937	4,731				1937	;

erial No.	Make 2		Model	Year of Manu- facture 4	sal pri 5	le ice	Serial No. I	Make 2		Model 3	Year of Manu- facture 4	sale price 5
0.4	Vauxhall		25 H. P. Sports Saloon .	1046		Rs.	4	Buick				Rs 11,1
84	HBILLUOY	• •	ao ii. r. sports Saloon .	1942	11	3,243 1,685				• • •	$1942 \\ 1941$	9,8 8,5
			1.0	1941 1940	10),127 3,569					1940	7,2
				1939	7	,011					$\frac{1939}{1938}$	5,90 4,59
				$1938 \\ 1937$	4	5,453 1,674			•		1937 1936	3,94 3,28
o.e	Vouxhall		OF IT IN Y	1936		8,895	. 5	Buick		70 Roadmaster Touring	1943	12,13
\$5	Amaxilen	• •	25 H. P. Limousine	1943 1942		6,927 $6,818$				Sedan.	$1942 \\ 1941$	10,69 9,20
				1941 1940	13	,709 ,600		, -			$\frac{1940}{1939}$	7,84 6,4
				1939		,491					1938	4,9
				1938 1937	7	,382 5,327					$1937 \\ 1936$	4,2° 3,5
0.0	*** 1 *		1- 77 D G .	1936	5	,273	6	Buick ·	• •	90 Limited Touring Sedan	$\begin{array}{c} 1943 \\ 1942 \end{array}$	20,23 17,8
\$6	Wolesley	• •	10 H. P. Saloon	1943 1942		5,078 5,363					1941	l5,47
				1941	4	,648					1940 1939	13,09 10,7
			1	1940 1939	3	3,933 3,218					1938 1937	8,3
		ŧ		1938 1937	2	2,503 $2,145$					1936	7,14 5,98
				1936		1,788	7	Cadillac	• •	Series 42-67 Imperial Sedan.	$1943 \\ 1942$	24,8 29,8
\$7	Wolseley		12 H. P. Saloon	1943 1942	5	3,269				Journ.	1941	18,9
		+		1941	. 6	3,296 $3,323$					$1940 \\ 1939$	16,04 13,1
				$1940 \\ 1939$	8	5,350 1,378		9			1938 1937	10,2 $8,7$
				1938	3	3,405	-	G			1936	7,2
				$1937 \\ 1936$		2,918 $2,432$	8	Cadillac	• •	Series 42-75 Formal Sedan.	$1943 \\ 1942$	34,8 30,7
:88	Wolseley		14 H. P. Saloon	. 1943	9	9,206					1941	26,6
				$\frac{1942}{1941}$	5	3,123 7,040					$1940 \\ 1939$	22,5 18,4
				1940		5,957					1933 1937	14,3 12,3
			, *	$\frac{1939}{1938}$		4,874 3,791		on			1936	10,2
				1937 1936	:	3,249	9	Chevrolet	• •	Fleetmaster Sports Sedan	$1943 \\ 1942$	6,2 5,4
39	Wolseley		16 H. P. Saloon	. 1943		2,708 0,336					1941	4,7
	.,		1. 1	1942	` (0,120					1940 1939	4,0 3,2
				1941 1940		7,904 5,688					1938 1937	2,5
				1939		5,472			•		1936	2,1 1,8
				$1938 \\ 1937$:	$\frac{1,256}{3,648}$	10	Chrysler	• •	Royal, C34-S Sedan	$1943 \\ 1942$	9,8 8,6
Δıλ	W7-11		10 TC 70 Calaa	1936		3,040					1941	7,4
90	Wolseley		18 H. P. Saloon	$1943 \\ 1942$	10),498),263	-	*		,	$\frac{1940}{1939}$	6,3 5,1
				1941 1940	8	8,028 8,793					$\frac{1938}{1937}$	4,0 3,4
				1939		5,558				/	1936	2,8
				1938 1937		4,323 3,705	11	Chrysler	• • •	Windsor, C34-W Sedan	$1943 \\ 1942$	10,4 9, ₂
			"	1936	, 6	3,088					$1941 \\ 1940$	7,9 6,7
91	Wolseley	410	21 & 25 H.P. Saloon	$1943 \\ 1942$	12	2,759 1,258					1939	5,5
				1941	ç	0,757					$\frac{1938}{1937}$	4,3 3,6
			,	$1940 \\ 1939$		3,256 $3,755$.10	Ohamalaa		Constinue Con IV Codon	1936	3,6
	4		1.5	$\frac{1938}{1937}$		5,254	12	Chrysler	• •	Saratoga, C36-K Sedan	$\frac{1943}{1942}$	11,7 10,5
				1936		4,503 3,753					$1941 \\ 1940$	8,9 7,5
92	Wolseley		25 H.P. Limousine	1943	28	5,033					1939	6,
				1942 1941		2,088 9,143	-				193s 1937	4,8 4,1
				1940 1939	16	$\frac{6,198}{3,253}$	13	Chrysler		New Yorker, C36-N Sedar	1936	3,
			,	1988	16	308,0	19	OPTABLE	•••	ATOW TOLKOL, COU-IN DEGRI	1942	12,: 10,:
				$\frac{1937}{1936}$		3,835 7,369					1941 1940	9,: 7,:
AR.T	IIMOTO	R (IA	RS OF UNITED STATES								1939	6,
A T	11 140101	- 044	MAKES								$\frac{1938}{1937}$	5,0 4,1
1	Buick		40-A Special Touring			3,930	14	De Soto		Diplomat, Special Do	1936	3,
			Sedan.	.1942 $.1941$		7,880 5,829	7.7	20 0000	0 30	Luxe Sp. 14-C Sedan	1942	6,1 5,5
		,		1940		5,778					1941 1940	5, 4,
				1939 1938		$\frac{1,728}{3,677}$		1	٠		1939	3,
				$1937 \\ 1936$:	3,152					1938 19 3 7	2, 2,
2	Buick	*	40-B Special Touring			2,627 $0,254$	15	De Soto		Custom, S 10-C Sedan	1936	1,
-		•••	Sedan.	1942	8	3,166	IJ	20 0000	• •	ousson, o to-o segan	1942	9, 8,
				$\frac{1941}{1940}$		7,077 5,988					1941 1940	7, 6,
				1999	4	4,900					1939	5,
				$\frac{1938}{1937}$:	3,811 $3,266$				4.2	1938 1937	3, 3,
0	D.J.		KO G	1936		2,722	•	n - 1 -		77!	1936	2,
3	Buick	• •	50 Super Touring Sedan	1943 1942	9	0,588 93,42	16	Dodge	0.0	Kingsway, Special Do Luxe, D23-C Sedan.	1943 1942	6,6 5,9
			+ 1	1941 1940	1	8,096				, o couum	1941	ő,
		,		1939		8,8 5 1 5,605					1940 1939	4,: 3,:
				1938 1937		4,360					1938	2,
				1937		3,737 3,114					1937 1936	2,:

				Voorof	Scheduled					Year	ART
erial No.			Model	Manu- facture	sale ,	Seria No.	l Make	M	odel	Year of Manu- facture	88
1	2		3	4	5	1	2		3	4	Prio
17	Dodge		Custom, D22-C Sedan	1943	Rs. 8,730	90	01d	OOT O O		1040	-
11	Dodge		ousion, D22-0 Sedan	1942	7,703	30	Oldsmobile	98L-8 Ct Sedan	istom Cruisei	$\begin{array}{c} 1943 \\ 1942 \end{array}$	10,
				1941 1940	6,676 5,649					1941	10, 9, 8,
			•	1939	4,622			•		$\begin{array}{c} 1940 \\ 1939 \end{array}$	6
				$\frac{1938}{1937}$	3,595 3,081					1938	5,
	_			1936	2,568		`			1937 1936	6, 5, 4, 3,
18	Ford		Super De Luxe V-8 Fordor Sedan.	1943 1942	6,522 5,755	31	Packard	Six Cus	tom Touring		
			Fordor Sedan.	1941	4,987	. 01	Lucaura	Sedan.	om roming	1943	. 11,
				$1940 \\ 1939$	4,220 3,453					1941	9,
				1938	2,686					$\begin{array}{c} 1940 \\ 1939 \end{array}$	1
				$\begin{array}{c} 1937 \\ 1936 \end{array}$	$\frac{2,302}{1,918}$					1938	5
19	Hudson		De Luxe Six, Touring	1948	8,639			**		$\begin{array}{c} 1937 \\ 1936 \end{array}$	3
+ - •			Sedan.	1942	7,622	32	Packard	Fight Cu	store Massi-		3
				$1941 \\ 1940$	6,606 5,590	02	Lackard	Eight Cur Sedan.	stom Touring	1943 1942	11
				1939	4,573	\				1941	10
			*	1938 1937	3,557 3,049	1				$\frac{1940}{1939}$	6
,				1936	2,541					1938	4
20	Hudson		Commodore Six, Touring Sedan.	$1943 \\ 1942$	$10,305 \\ 9,092$,		1937	- 4
			Segan,	1942	7,880	0.0	D- 1 1	/ ~		1936	3
				1940	6,668	33	Packard	Super Eight Touring Se	t One Sixty	$1943 \\ 1942$	14
				$1939 \\ 1938$	5,545 4,243			, Tomme ne		1942	12 11
				1937	3,637					1940	9
21	Hudson		Commodore Eight, Tour-	$1936 \\ 1943$	3,031 10,675					$\frac{1939}{1938}$	5
-		••	ing Sedan.	1942	9,419			/		1937	δ
				$1941 \\ 1940$	8,163 6,907					1936	. 4
				1939	5,652	34	Packard	Super Eig	ht One Sixty		16
				1938	4,396			wheel be	Sedan ($138''$ ase).	' 1942 1941	14 12
				$\begin{array}{c} 1937 \\ 1936 \end{array}$	3,768 3,140				,	1940	î
2	${f Hudson}$		Commodore Custom Eight,	1943	12,491					$\begin{array}{c} 1939 \\ 1938 \end{array}$	8
			Touring Sedan.	$\begin{array}{c} 1942 \\ 1941 \end{array}$	$11,021 \\ 9,552$					1937	6
	1			1940	8,082					1936	4
				1939	6,613	35	Packard	Super Eig	ht One Sixty	1943	17
				$\begin{array}{c} 1938 \\ 1937 \end{array}$	5,143 $4,409$			Touring	Sedan (148"	1942	15
				1936	3,674	*	-	wheel be	se).	$1941 \\ 1940$	11
3]	Lincoln- Zepl	hyr	Sedan	1943	14,952					1939	. 6
				$1942 \\ 1941$	13,193 11,434					$\begin{array}{c} 1938 \\ 1937 \end{array}$	1 6
				1940	9,675					1936	5
			,	$\frac{1939}{1938}$	7,916 6,157	36	Plymouth	Special De	Luxe Sedan	1943	6
				1937	5,277			•		1942	5
	Mercury	•	3 Tour Sedan	1936 1943	4,398 8,871	•				$\begin{array}{c} 1941 \\ 1940 \end{array}$	5
٠. ٠	Moreury		Jour Bouan	1942	7,828			,		1939	3
				1941	6,784					$\frac{1938}{1937}$	2
				$1940 \\ 1939$	5,740 4,697					1936.	1
				1938	3,653	37	Pontiac	Series 26 S	adan	1943	8
				1937 1936	$3,131 \\ 2,609$			201103 20 5		1942	7
5 :	Nash		Ambassador Six Sedan .	1943	8,973					1941	5
				$1942 \\ 1941$	7,917 6,861					$\frac{1940}{1939}$	4
				1940	5,806					1938	3
				1939	4,750					$\frac{1937}{1936}$	2
			,	$\frac{1938}{1937}$	3,695 3,167	38	Pontiac	Series Se	S, Streamliner		8
	Wast		Ambana - 1 - 72 - 14 0 1	1936	2,639	00	~ ~~~~~	Series 26- (Chieftai		$\begin{array}{c} 1943 \\ 1942 \end{array}$	7
	Nash	• •	Ambassador Eight Sedan	$1943 \\ 1942$	9,359 8,258			,	•	1941	6
				1941	7,157					1940 1939	
				$1940 \\ 1939$	6,056 4,955		v			1938	
				1938	3,854					1937 1936	2
				1937	3,303	9.0	04	~ 1			t
,	Oldsmobile		66F-6 Special Sedan	$1936 \\ 1943$	2,753 6,999	39	Studebaker	Champion I Club Sed	De Luxe Style,	1943 1942	4
				1942	6,176			0140 004		1941	4
				$1941 \\ 1940$	5,352 4,529					1940 1939	
				1939	3,705					1938	2
				1938	2,882					1937]
				$\begin{array}{c} 1937 \\ 1936 \end{array}$	$2,470 \\ 2,059$					1936	
3	Oldsmobile	••	66E-8 Special Sedan	1943	8,639	40	Studebaker	Commander		1943	9
				$1942 \\ 1941$	7,622 6,606			Cruising	sedan.	1942 1941	7
				1940	5,590					1940	4
				1939	4,573					$\frac{1939}{1938}$	9
				$\frac{1938}{1937}$	3,557 3,049					1937	
0	011		E06 0 **	1936	2,541					1936	2
9	Oldsmobile	• •	78G-6 Dynamic Sedan	1943	9,496	41	Studebaker	President	Skyway,	1943	10
				$1942 \\ 1941$	8,379 7,262			Cruising	Sedan.	$\begin{array}{c} 1942 \\ 1941 \end{array}$	7
				1940	6,145		•			1940	6
				1939	5,027					1939	5
				1938 1937	3,910 3,352			42		$1938 \\ 1937$	3
				1936	2,793					1936	_

Serial No.	Make	Model	Year of S Manu- facture	cheduled sale price
	2	3	4	5
				Rs.
42	Willys-Ameri-	44Z, Sedan De Luxe	. 1943	5,575
	can.		1942	4,919
			1941	4,263
			1940	3,607
			1939	2,952
			1938	2,296
			1937	1,968
			1936	1,640

NOTE

(i) If a vehicle is of a make not included in the above tables, the scheduled sale price thereof shall be such as may be fixed by the order of the Controller:

Provided that any person aggrieved by such order may within thirty days of the date on which it is communicated to him, appeal to such officer or authority as may be appointed by the Central Government in this behalf, and the decision of that officer or authority and subject only to such decision the order of the Controller. rity, and subject only to such decision, the order of the Controller

rity, and subject only to such decision, the order of the Controller shall be final.

(ii) Unless specific mention is made of a particular model, the scheduled sale price given in the above tables applies to all models of that make, horse power and year of manufacture.

(iii) The scheduled sale prices for makes and models of 1936 manufacture apply also to the same makes and models of earlier years as maximum, the amount below maximum being a matter for private negotiation. negotiation.

D. R. RUTNAM Joint Secretary

The 10th January 1945.

No. 639-8.T.—The following notifications, issued by the Government of India, in the Department of Supply, are republished for general information.

By order of the Governor. C. S. JHA

Secretary to Government

New Delhi. 9th December 1944

No. SS/63 (16)—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in para. (2) of the Department of Supply notification No. SS/63(16), dated the 13th

of Supply notification No. \$\$\\$/63(16)\$, dated the 13th November 1944, namely,

For the words "All Suppliers recognised for the purpose of the Tyre Rationing Order, 1944", substitute "All persons offering cycle tyres and tubes for sale".

New Delhi, 15th December 1944

No. SS/63(14)—In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (b) and (f) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that with immediate offect no person shall sell pneumatic tyres or tubes of Michelin Manufacture at prices higher than those specified in the schedule appended to the Government of India, Department of Supply notification No. SS/63(14), dated the 29th April 1944, for tyres and tubes in the corresponding sizes manufactured by Dunlop, Firestone, Goodyear and India.

That this order and the schedule referred to shall be displayed prominently at the premises of all suppliers recognised for the purpose of the Tyre Rationing Order,

1944.

S. C. AGGARWAL Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India

The 15th January 1945

No. 910-S.T.—The following notifications, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, are republished for general information.

By order of the Governor C. S. JHA

Secretary to Government

Bombay, 20th December 1944

No. 1/2 (174)/44-CG (CS)—In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by section 11 of the Hoarding and on Ordinance, 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943), I hereby Profiteering Prevention 1. No. 1/2(3)/44-CG (CS), dated 13-1-1944 2. No. 1/2(11)/44-CG (C·), dated 15-3-1944 direct that the marginally-specified notifications of the Government of India, in the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies shall be treated as cancelled.

R. H. PARKER Controller-General of Civil Supplies

Bombay, 14th December 1944

No 4/1(70A)/43 CG (CS)—In pursuance of clause (d) of section 2 of the Hoarding and Profitoering Prevention Ordinance of 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943), the Central Government is pleased to appoint Mr. Mohammad

Shamsul Haq as an Inspector of Civil Supplies, under the Controller-General of Civil Supplies, with effect from the 14th November 1944

Bombay, 18th December 1944

No. 4/1 (73)/44-CG (CS)—In pursuance of clause (d) of section 2 of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance, 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943), the Central Government is pleased to appoint Mrs. Ela Mitra as Lady Inspector of Civil Supplies; under the Controller-General of Civil Supplies with effect from the 7th December 1944.

Bombay, 20th December 1944

No. 4/12(49)/43-CG (CS)—In pursuance of clause (d) of section 2 of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance of 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943), the Central Government is pleased to appoint Miss K. M. Samant to officiate as an Inspectress of Civil Supplies for a further period of 28 days from the 10th December 1944 to the 6th January 1945 (both days inclusive).

Bombay, 30th December 1944

No. 1/2(166)/44-CG (CS)—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance, 1943 (XXXV of 1943), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, No. 1/2(60)/44-CG(CS), dated the 15th July 1944, the Central Government is pleased to fix as follows the maximum prices which may be charged by a dealer or producer in respect of Blue Star Tobacco Company's cigarette specified below; provided that where cigarettes are subject to any local or provincial taxation the dealer of that locality may charge a price in excess of the maximum which would be just sufficient to cover the tax.

Brand		Maximum sellin	g price
_	Distributor's price to wholesalers	Wholesale price to retailers	Retail price to consumers
Blue Star	Rs. 21/14 per 1,000	Rs. 22/8 per 1,000	Re/4/-per pkt. of 10

Bombay, 30th December 1944
No. 1/2(170:/44-CG (CS)—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance, 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, No. S/3/29/44, dated the 21st March 1944, namely:-

In the said notification, for the entry-

0-6-0 per packet of 10 "Carlton's Special Magnums 33-8-0 per 1,000 (whole sale price)"

The following entry shall be substituted, namely :-

2-0-0 per tin of 50 "Carlton's Special Magnums $\begin{cases}
0.6-0 \text{ per pkt. of } 10 \\
33-8-0 \text{ per } 1,000 \text{ (wholesale price)}
\end{cases}$

Bombay, 30th December 1944

No. 1/2(171)/44-CG (CS)—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance, 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, No. F. 22(26)-CS(C)/43, dated the 6th May 1944, namely:—

In the said notification, for the figures and words, "0-1-6 per packet of 10" against the entry "Blue Bird", the following shall be substituted, namely:-

"0-1-3 per packet of 10

6-4-0 per 1,000 (wholesale price)

R. H. PARKER Joint Secy. to the Govt. of India

New Delhi, 30th December 1944

No. 21-2)-GC/44-In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance, 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943) and in supersession of all previous notifications of the Government of India in the Industries and Civil Supplies Department on the subject the Central Government is pleased to fix in respect of the leather and tanned hides specified below the maximum prices which may be charged by a dealer or producer with effect from 1st January 1945:

1. Ceiling prices of all vegetable pit tanned buffalo leather other than those known as E. I. Tanned Buffalo Calves under 4 lbs. per skin to be charged by a controlled Tannery ex-their premises

							onal
Description	Pric	ер	эr	lb.	allov lb. up Mare	red to	31st
		₹s.					
(i) *Buffalo crust sole leather, Light and Medium (includes Kattais or Buffalo Calves other than the variety mentioned above), Grade II		0			0	0	3
(ii) *Buffalo rolled sole leather, Light and Medium (includes Kattais or Buffalo Calves other than the	1	1		2	0	0	3
variety mentioned above), Grade II (iii) *Buffalo crust sole leather, Heavy, Grade II.		2	۶.	4	0	0	5
(iv) *Buffalo rolled sole leather, Heavy, Grade II.	1	3		1	0	0	5
(v) *Buffalo crust sole leather, Light and Medium (includes Kattais or Buffalo Calves other than the variety mentioned above), Grade I	1	3		6	0	0	5
(vi) *Buffalo rolled sole leather, Light and Medium (includes Kattais or Buffalo Calves other than the variety mentioned above), Grade I,	1	4	:	2	.0	0	6
(vii) *Buffalo crust sole leather, Heavy, Grade I.	1	7	() .	0	0	10
(viii) *Buffalo rolled sole leather, Heavy, Grade I.	I	7	;	3	0	0	11
(ix) *Buffalo crust super sole leather (harness selection), Light and Medium.	I	11.	2	2	0	1	5
(x) *Buffalo rolled super sole leather, (harness selection), Light and Medium.	1	11	1	l	0	1	4
(xi) *Buffalo crust super sole leather (harness selection), Heavy.	1	11	13	Į	0	l	8
(xii) *Buffalo rolled super sole leather (harness selection), Heavy.		12	8			1	7
Nore-An additional charge not excee	adino	2	an'	nac	ner li	h	man

Note—An additional charge not exceeding 2 annas per lb. may be made for dressed and/or dyed leather of these varieties over the price of crust leather of the corresponding variety.

* Of standard quality as processed by the tanners under control of the Government of India.

2. Ceiling prices for all vegetable pit tanked buffalo leather other than those known as E. I. Tanned Buffalo Calves under 4 lbs. per skin to be charged by tanneries other than those controlled by Government of India ex-their

				Addi	tio	nal
	3	Pric	ee	che	ırge	es
Description	3.	oer	lb.	allow		
•	•			lb. up		
				Marc		
	Rs.	. A.	P.	Rs.	Α.	Р.
(i) Buffalo crust sole leather, Light and	1	0	5	0	O	3
Medium (includes Kattais or						
Buffalo Calves other than the varie-						
ties mentioned above).						
(ii) Buffalo rolled sole leather, Light and	1	ı	2	0	0	3
Medium (includes Kattais or						
Buffalo Claves other than the varie-						
ties mentioned above).						
(iii) Buffalo crust sole leather, Heavy	1	2	4	0	0	5
(iii) Buffalo crust sole leather, Heavy (iv) Buffalo rolled sole leather, Heavy	1	3	1	0 0	0	5
Notes-(a) An additional charge not e	szcee	din	g 2	annas	ре	er lb.
may be made for dressed and/or dyed leath						
the price for crust leather of the correspond						

the price for crust leather of the corresponding variety.

(b) An additional charge not exceeding 9 pies per lb. over the crust leather price of the corresponding variety may be made if the leather is produced by the vegetable tanning process known as "Kip-tannage" to cover the extra expenses involved in finishing as E. I. Tanned

3. Ceiling prices to be charged in respect of the following items by a producer of the store exproducer's premises

is og a producer of the store	Creative	<i>uu</i>	~ 0	P	CHOOCO.
	-				Additional
		P	rice		charges
Description		р	er ll	э.	allowed per
- · · · · · · · · ·		-			lb. up to 31st
					March 1945.
		Rs	. A.	P.	Rs. A. P.
(i) ** Pit tanned Cow leather	(other	1	4	0	Nil
than E. I. Kips).	•				-
(ii) ** Bag tanned Cow leather		I	1	6	Nil
(iii) Bag tanned Buffalo leather		1	1	0	0 0 3
(iv) Vegetable tanned Buffalo	Crust	0	11	5	Nil
Bellies and Shoulders.					
(v) Vegetable tanned Cow Crust	Bellies	0	11	õ	N_{11}
and Shoulders.					

Notes—(1) An additional charge not exceeding 2 annas per lb. may be made in respect of items (i), (ii), (iv) and (v) if supplied as dressed and/or dyed leather.

(2) Item (iv) if sold after finishing as sole an extra price up to 9 pies per lb. over the crust leather price may be charged.

** Of standard quality processed by the Bag Tanners in India.

4. A dealer or retailer may, for purposes of retail sales charge 12½ per cent, more than the ceiling prices specified in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 above.

- 5. For the purposes of this Notification the Weight 5. For the purposes of the ranges for Light, Medium and Heavy Buffalo Leather are as follows :-
 - Up to 32 lbs. per tanned hide or up to 16 lbs. per tanned side. (a) Light and Medium ...
 - Over 32 lbs. per tanned hide or on 16 lbs. per tanned side. (b) Heavy

New Delhi, 30th December 1944

No. 21 (7)-GC/44—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance, 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943), the Contral Government is placed to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the I. & C. S. Department notification No. 21 (7)-GC/44 dated 23rd September 1944, namely:---

In the said notification—

(1) In Note 2 after the words "to the" for the words, letters and figures "31st December 1944" the words, letters and figures "30th June 1945" shall be substituted.

(2) Notes Nos. 3 and 4 shall be deleted and Note No. 5 shall be renumbered as 3.

New Delhi, 30th December 1944

No. F. 22 (101)AP/44 -In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance, 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, No. F. 22. (101)AP/44, dated the 10th June 1944, namely:

In Schedule II annexed to the said notification, for the word "Simla" the words "All hill stations in the Simla District including Dagshai Cantonment" shall be substituted.

> R. A MAHAMADI Dy. Secy. to the Govt. of India

PRESS NOTE

Bombay, 8th December 1944

With a view to remove any misunderstanding that may exist among the dealers about the present procedure regarding the despatches of cloth from the City of Bombay to destinations within or without the Bombay Surplus Area the Textile Commissioner desires to make it clear that no permits are necessary for despatch of goods from one destination to another within the Bombay Surplus Area Licensed cloth dealers and Commission agents whose place of business is in Bombay City can along obtain a permit for despatch of goods from the Bombay Surplus Area to destinations outside that Area. Up-country dealers holding licences valid in their own Province or State or holding licences issued by the Government of Bombay but having their place of business outside the Bombay City limits, can make purchases in the Bombay market, but they will have to arrange for despatches to places outside the Bombay Surplus Area through dealers or commission agents who hold Government of Bombay dealers' licences and having their place of business within the City limits.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND CIVIL SUPPLIES OFFICE OF THE TEXTILE COMMISSIONER PRESS NOTE

The 28th December 1944

Textile Commissioner to the Government of India has, by a notification published in the Gazette of India under powers conferred on him by clause S(A) of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1943, directed all the manufacturers in the country to submit to him on or before the 15th day of every month commencing from December 1944, a return of sales of fine cloth made by him in the preceding month giving the details of the name of the buyer with his address and the total quantity of fine cloth in terms of bales delivered to him against the quota during the preceding month. The notification explains that 'fine cloth' means cloth in which the count of the warm now is 200 and fine leading it is simple of of the warp yarn is 36S and finer whether it is single or folded. Failure to submit these returns is an offence under the Defence of India Rules.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR

NOTIFICATION

The 10th January 1945

No. 149-S.G.—In partial modification of this office notification No. 2168-S.G., dated the 13th May 1944, published at page 124 of the Orissa Gazette, dated the 19th May 1944, the following notification, issued by the Secretary to the Governor-General (Public), is republished for general information.

R. S. SWANN Secretary to H. E. the Governor, Orissa

New Delhi, 28th December 1944

No. 1/2/44-G.G.(A.)—In the table appended to this Secretariat notification No. 1/2/44-G.G.(A.), dated the 19th April 1944, showing the relative rank for the purpose of the Warrant of Precedence for India of officers in the Royal Navy, the Royal Indian Navy, the Army, the Royal Air Force and the Royal Indian Air Force, the words 'Rear-Force and the Royal Indian Air Force, the words Admirals' shall be inserted in the fourth line under the column headed 'Royal Indian Navy'.

J. A. THORNE

Secretary to the Governor-General (Public)

LAW DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

The 15th January 1945

No. 168-L.—The following Ordinance promulgated by the Governor-General is hereby republished for general information.

By order of the Governor J. E. MAHER Secretary to Government

New Delhi, 30th December 1944 ORDINANCE. No. LVI of 1944

ORDINANCE

further to amend the Cotton Textiles Fund Ordinance, 1944 Whereas an emergency has arisen which makes it necessary further to amend the Cotton Textile Fund Ordinance, 1944 (XXXIV of 1944), for the purposes hereinafter

appearing; Now, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 72 of the Government of India Act, as set out in the Ninth Schedule to the Government of India Act, 1935 (26 Geo. 5, c. 2), the Governor-General is pleased to make

and promulgate the following Ordinance:

1. Short title and commencement—(1) This Ordinance may be called the Cotton Textiles Fund (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 1944.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. Amendment of section 4, Ordinance XXXIV of 1944—In sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Cotton Textiles Fund Ordinance, 1944

(a) in the existing proviso, after the word "exported" the

following shall be inserted, namely:—
"before the 1st day of February 1945";

(b) after the existing proviso the following proviso shall

be added, namely:—
Provided further that where for the time being no maximum ex-factory price has been so fixed, the duty of customs shall, until a maximum ex-factory price is so fixed, be levied at the rate of three per centum of the value of the cloth or yarn exported as declared in the shipping bill. WAVELL

Viceroy and Governor-General

HOME DEPARTMENT NOTIFICATIONS

The 16th January 1945

The following notification, issued by the No. 247-A.-Government of India in the Legislative Department, is republished for general information.

By order of the Governor J. E. MAHER

Additional Secretary to Government

New Delhi, 2nd January 1945

No. F. 177/44-C. & G (1)—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 64 and 129A of the Government of India Act, as set out in the Ninth Schedule to the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor-General in Council, with the sanction of the Secretary of State, is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Council of State Electoral Rules, namely:-

(1) To the first proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 22 of the

said Rules the following shall be added, namely:—
and no subject of a State in Baluchistan shall for that reason be disqualified for nomination to represent the Province of British Baluchistan"

(2) In Part 1 of Schedule II to the said Rules—
(a) in paragraph 3, for the words "adult male persons"
the words "adult persons" shall be substituted,

(b) paragraph 4 shall be omitted,
(c) in the proviso to paragraph 7 for the words and figures "paragraphs 3 and 4" the word and figure "paragraph 3" shall be substituted.

G. H. SPENCE

Secretary to the Government of India The 13th January 1945

No. 86-C.—The following notification by the Government of the United Provinces is republished for general information.

> By order of the Governor R. A. E. WILLIAMS

Chief Secretary to Government GOVERNMENT OF UNITED PROVINCES

CONFIDENTIAL DEPARTMENT

CANCELLATION

The 22nd December 1944 No. 7971-A/C.X.—Confidential Department notification No. 7971-A/C.X.—Conndential Department House No. 8602/C.X., dated September 18, 1942, prohibiting the sale, distribution and printing of the book entitled "United Provinces Itineraries for the Motorists", is hereby cancelled.

C. M. KEB

Secretary

FINANCE. DEPARTMENT NOTIFICATIONS

The 15th January 1945

No. 210-F.—The tollowing notification, issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department, is republished for general information.

By order of the Governor J. E. MAHER

Addl. Secretary to Government

Simla, 7th December 1944

No. F. 23 (4)-R.II/44—The following resolution by the Secretary of State for India is published for general information:-

CIVIL SERVICE PROVIDENT INDIAN

FUND RULES, 1942.

I, Leopold Charles Maurice Stennett Amery, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, in virtue of the powers conferred by section 247 (1) and section 250 (1) of the Government of India Act, 1935 (a), hereby make with the concurrence of my Advisers, the following amendment to the Indian Civil Service Provident Fund Rules, 1943 (b), namely:

After clause (2) of rule 3A, the following shall be

inserted:-

'Provided that, if Government is satisfied that any such person has failed to notify within the prescribed period because he was not aware of this rule, it may permit him to notify in writing to the Accounts Officer concerned that he elects to be governed by rules 5 and 12."

Given under my hand this 26th day of October 1944.

L. S. AMERY

One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State."

B. C. A. COOK

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India

The 8th January 1945

No. 53-F.S.—The following notification, issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Communications), is republished for general information.

By order of the Governor J. F. MAHER

Additional Secretary to Government

New Delhi, 9th December 1944

No. D. 8024-P.T./44-In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Post Office National Savings Certificates Ordinance, 1944 (XLII of 1944), and in supersession of the Post Office Twelve-Year National Savings Certificates Rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department No. F. 17(100)-F./43, dated the 4th September 1945, the Central Government is pleased to make the following Rules to be known as Post Office National Savings Certificates Rules, 1944:

PURCHASE OF CERTIFICATES Rule A-(1) A person who buys Certificates shall be

bound by these Rules.

(2) Certificates may be purchased by any of the follow-

(i) A single adult

(ii) A minor who has reached an age of understanding, that is to say, can sign legibly.

(iii) Two adults in their joint names-

(a) payable to the holders jointly, or payable to either with the written consent of the other, or

(b) payable to either.

(iv) An adult on behalf of-

(a) a single minor, or

(b) two minors jointly, or (c) an adult and a minor jointly.

(v) Local Authorities as defined in the General Clauses

Act. 1897, e.g., Municipalities, Notified Areas. District Boards, Port Commissioners, and similar bodies, entitled or entrusted by the Government with the control or management of a Municipal or Local Fund.

(vi) Registered Co-operative Societies, other than Central

and Provincial Co-operative Banks.

- (vii) Central and Provincial Co-operative Banks, registered or deemed to have been registered under the Cooperative Societies Act, 1912, or any provincial law for the time being in force relating to co-operative societies, and Scheduled Banks as defined in the Reserve Bank of India Act. 1934
- (a) in the Bank's own name from the funds of the Bank, or

(b) on behalf of the Bank's clients.

(viii) Employers including firms and companies on behalf of employees to whom they have advanced money for the purpose of acquiring certificates.

(ix) Properly constituted associations (whether incorporated or registered or not) for the encouragement of thrift and for the mutual benefit of the members, such as:

Dispensaries—Hospitals—Church, Temple or other reli

gious Associations—Schools—Orphanages—Libraries, etc.

(x) Incorporated companies or associations and registered firms, other than of a charitable nature such as described in clause (ix).

(xi) On behalf of Teachers or Employees from their

money in a Provident Fund by-

(a) Persons authorized by a Provincial Government to control a Teachers' Provident Fund,

(b) a University,

(c) the Governing Body of an Educational Institution,

(d) a Municipal or Local Board,

(c) persons controlling recognised provident funds as defined in clause (a) of section 58A of the Indian Income-Tax Act, 1922.

(xii) A Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation, when investing sums payable to a woman, or other person, under

ony legal disability.

- (xiii) All gazetted Government officers and certain Indian State Officials (a list of whom can be seen at the Post Office) in their official capacity on behalf of another individual or fund.
- (xiv) The Governments or Darbars of Indian States, up to a limit of 5 lakhs of rupees, provided they are purchased exclusively from genuine State Funds.

Note-Clause (v), (vi), (x), (xi) and (xii) do not apply to persons or bodies mentioned therein in Indian States, except such as may be recognized by the Government of India as eligible for the purpose.

Rule B-The Procedure for Purchase of Certificates

- (1) Application must be in the prescribed Post Office Form (obtainable free of charge).
- (2) Application Forms may be presented at the Post Office-
 - (a) by the purchaser in person, or
 - (b) by a Messenger or Agent, or
- (c) through an Authorized Agent, of the Small Savings Scheme.
- (3) The method of issue of Certificates by the Post Office shall be-
- (a) If applied for at a Post Office authorized to effect sales, it will be handed over immediately against payment.
- [For Exception see Note below rule C(1) (c)]. (b) If applied for at a Branch Post Office not authorized to effect direct sales, a temporary receipt will be given for the money, and the Certificate will be obtained from another Post Office and be delivered in due course against surrender of the temporary receipt.

(4) Application Forms must be signed by the follow

Certificate will be made out, whether held by the purchase or on behalf of another.

(b) If purchased under rule A(2) (iii)—by both adults, (c) If purchased under rule A(2) (iv) (a, b or c)—by the

adult.

(d) If purchased under rule A(2) (v)—by, the authority controlling the Fund.

(e) If purchased under rule A(2) (vi)—by the Registration the Registration other person authorized to administer the Society

(f) If purchased under rule A(2) (vii) (a)—by Manager or a "Signing Officer" of the Bank*. (See note below)

(g) If purchased under rule A(2) (vii) (b)—by the client or by a "Signing Officer" of the Bank* [See rule B(6) (ii)] *(Note—A "Signing Officer" of a Bank is an officer authorized to sign on behalf of its Manager.)

(h) If purchased under rule A(2) (viii)—by the Employer Manager, or person authorized to sign on the latter's behal

for the Firm or Company.

(i) If purchased under rule A(2) (ix)—by an office-beare of the association. (j) If purchased under rule A(2) (x)—by the manage

or person authorized to sign on his behalf for the Firm Company.

(k) If purchased under rule A(2) (xi-b, c. d or e)—by the Authority controlling the Provident Fund.

Note—For Certificates purchased under rule A(2) (xi-a) see item

(a) above.

(1) If purchased under rule A(2) (xiv)-by the State Official controlling the State Funds.

(5) Purchase of Certificates by, or on behalf of, a Minor (i) A minor who has reached an age of understanding that is to say, can sign his or her name legibly, may but Certificates for himself or herself. In such a case the minor must sign the Application Form and thereafter cam out all transactions over his or her own signature

(ii) An adult, Scheduled Bank, Central Co-operative Bank or Provincial Co-operative Bank can, notwithstanding e minor having attained an age of understanding, purchase Certificates on the minor's behalf in accordance with claus

(iii) of this sub-rule.

(iii) When an Adult or Bank purchases a Certificate or behalf of a minor, the P. O. Application Form shall be signed by the Adult or on behalf of the Bank, and after the entry of the minor's name therein the following further entry shall be made in brackets:-

(MINOR—date of birth.....), and a nom nation may be made at the option of the purchaser as to the person who shall be entitled to encash the Certification on behalf of the minor, such nomination being restricted

(a) the Father, or

(b) the Mother, or

(c) either parent, or

(d) the legal guardian, of the minor: provided that if no nomination be indicated on the Appli cation Form at the time of purchase, payment of the sum due shall be made to any guardian of the property of the minor appointed by a competent court, or where no such guardian has been appointed, to either parent of the minor or where neither parent is alive, to any other guardian of

If the Certificate has been purchased by a Bank and li eventually encashed by the Bank, the proceeds shall be payable by the Bank only to the person nominated, or it event of no nomination, to the appropriate person indicated in this clause.

(iv) If it is desired to nominate as indicated in item (iii) the words "Through Father" or "Through either parent" etc., as the case may be, shall be added in the Application Form in continuation of the words indicated in that item (6) Purchase of Certificates by a Scheduled Bank, Central or Provincial Co-operative Bank

(i) Such Banks can purchase-

(a) on behalf of the BANK itself from the Funds thereof under sub-rule A(2) (vii-a),

(b) on behalf of any of the persons or bodies described in rule A, sub-rules (2)—(i), (ii), (iii), (v), (vi), (ix), (x)

and (xiv). (ii) In cases covered by sub-item (b) of item (i), the Post Office Application Form may be signed either-

(a) by the Bank, or

(b) by the Bank's client.

In cases covered by sub-item (a) of this clause, the Certificates will be made out in the name of the Bank's client with addition of the words "through (name of Bank)", to be added in brackets after the name. to be added in brackets after the name.

The Bank will represent the client in all subsequent transactions in respect of the Certificates and payment to the Bank will operate as a complete discharge to Govern-

The Bank shall satisfy itself that the limit of holding

prescribed in rule D(4) is not exceeded.

In cases covered by sub-item (b) of this clause—the Certificates will be made out in the name of the Bank's client who signs the Application Form and all subsequent transactions relating to the Certificates shall be carried out by the holder with the Post Office direct, and not through the Bank.

(7) Purchase of Certificates on behalf of a properly constituted Association

[See rule A(2) (ix)]

(i) An office-bearer of the Association, such as President, Secretary, or Treasurer, can effect investment under these rules, with the previous sanction of a Head Postmaster to whom application should be made (in writing) stating—

(a) The name and address of the Association,

(b) Its objects,

(c) The sources of income of the Funds to be invested.
(ii) If investment be permitted by the Head Postmaster, the Application Form shall be signed by the office-bearer giving his designation, e.g., "Treasurer" or as the case may be.

(iii) If, after investment has been made, it is found at any time that the object of the Fund is not such as that declared at the time of investment, and the investment should not have been permitted under rule A(2) (ix), no interest will be allowed thereon.

(8) Purchase of Certificates by Employers on behalf of Employees to whom they have advanced money for

the purpose

(i) An Employer (including Firm or Company) may advance money to employees to enable the latter to acquire Certificates and may purchase the same on behalf ' of the individual employee.

(ii) The Certificate will be made out in the name of the employer, with the addition of the name of the employee

to whom money has been advanced e.g.—
''(Name of Firm)—Employers—on behalf of (name of

employee)-Employees.

(iii) The Certificates will remain in the custody of the employer until the employee has repaid the advance, when they shall be formally transferred to the latter under rule K, sub-rules (4) and (5). In the event of the death of the employee, or his failure to repay the advance made the employer shall be permitted to encash the Certificate provided that no interest shall be payable by the Government on any Certificate so encashed and which has not been transferred to the sole name of the employee on whose behalf it was originally purchased.
(9) Purchase of Certificates, on behalf of Teachers or

Employees from the money to their credit in a

Provident Fund

(i) Such investment may be made by-

(a) An officer authorized by a Provincial Government to control a Teachers' Provident Fund.

(b) A Municipal or Local Board

(c) A University

(d) The Governing Body of an Educational Institution
(e) Employers, from the Provident Fund of their employees under the term prescribed in rule A(2) (xi) (e).

See also clause (v) of the sub-rule.

(ii) Subject to clause (iii), the Certificates shall be made out in the official designation of the officer referred to in clause (a) or in the name of the Institution referred to in clause (i), (b), (c) or (d), or in the name of the Firm, etc., referred to in clause (i) (e), with the addition of the name of the Teacher or Employee, e.g. (Designation of office-

of Teacher or Employee) from Provident Fund." (iii) When such investment is made from money standing in the name of a Teacher or Employee in a P. O. Savings Bank Account (opened under rule 45-A of the P. O. Savings Bank Rules), the money shall be withdrawn from the account by the authority who controls the Provident Fund. The Certificates will be made out in the name of the

Teacher or Employee concerned followed by the 'from S. B. Provident Fund Account' and the following endorsement shall be made prominently in red ink on the back of the Certificate: -

"Payable only to the officer authorized to control the Provident Fund or, on his countersignature to the holder.

- (iv) Certificates bought under clause (iii) will remain in the custody of the officer authorized to control the Fund, who will conduct all future transactions. When such a Certificate is discharged, the proceeds will be credited to the Teacher's or Employee's Saving Bank Account for Provident Fund, unless endorsed by the Controlling Officer with the words: "Payment to be made to the holder" duly signed by that officer and discharged by the holder.
- (v) In the case of a Provident Fund described in clause (i) (e), money can be invested from the fund on behalf of individual employees as indicated in clause (ii), or in a lump sum from the Provident Fund. In the latter case investments will be made in the ordinary way in the name of the Firm with addition of the words:

"From Employees' Provident Fund"

The Postal Authorities will accept as proof of the conditions prescribed in rule A(2) (xi) (e), written authority from a Commissioner of Income-tax, which should be attached to the application for purchase of National Savings Certificates (Form N.C. 1).

Rule C-Payment by Investors for Certificates

- (1) Payment may be made by any of the following methods:-
 - (a) Cash or Currency Notes
- (b) Surrender of SAVING STAMPS to the requisite value (for purchase of Certificates of Rs. 10 and Rs. 5 only).
 - (c) Cheque.

Note-In this case a provisional receipt will be given. The Certificate will be delivered, against surrender of the provisional receipt, after the cheque has been cashed by the Postmaster. The date of issue of the Certificate will be the date of the provisional

(d) By completing a form for withdrawal of money from the purchaser's Post Office Saving Bank Account and presenting the same together with the Pass Book.

Note—The cost of Certificates will be debited to the Savings Bank Account under "Withdrawals" and the Pass Book will be returned together with the newlybought Certificates.

(2) Certificates must be paid for in full at the time of purchase.

PERMISSIBLE LIMITS OF HOLDING (FACE VALUE) OF CERTIFICATES BY VARIOUS CLASSES OF INVESTORS

Rule D—(1) Notwithstanding any provisions of these Rules no money shall be invested in Certificates which is—

- (a) the property of Government,
- (b) has been received for the credit of Government.
- (c) has been withdrawn from the Treasury for expenditure on account of Government,
- (d) has been raised by taxation [except in the case of Funds of Union Boards, Village Unions, and of the Local Authorities defined in rule A, sub-rule (2) (v)].
- (e) collected, or received, or held in trust by any Public Officer or Court, in accordance with any law, if the money is the property of Government.
- (2) Except as provided in sub-rule (5) the maximum limit of holding of Certificates of Rs. 5 denomination for or on behalf of any one person or body shall be one hundred and twenty-five rupees.
- (3) The limit imposed in sub-rule (2) shall be included in the total maximum limits specified in the sub-rules immediately following.
- (4) The maximum holding of Certificates permissible shall be as shewn below for each class of investor:
- (a) For any one person or on behalf of any one person-Five thousand rupees (Rs. 5,000).

NOTE-For the purpose of calculating this limit, the following will not be counted as the holding of the person purchasing, or receiving the Certificates by transfer, but will be held to be the holding of the person or body on whose behalf they were purchased or held on security :--

(i) Certificates purchased under rules A(2) (iv) (a and b), (vii) (b), (viii) and (xi).

(ii) Certificates temporarily held by an officer of Government or by Indian States in pursuance of rule A(2) (xiii).

> Ten thousand rupees (Rs. 10,000): Provided that neither holder shall, under any circumstances, hold more than Rs. 5.000, whether held partly in own name and partly jointly with another. For the purposes of calculating the individual holding, when two persons hold jointly, one half the joint holding will be assumed to belong to Leach.

(c) Local Authorities as described Rupees one lakh (Rs. 1,00,000). in Rule A (2) (v).

(d) Registered Co-operative Societies, other than Central and provin- Rupees cial Co-operative Banks, as described in Rule A (2) (vi).

(b) By two per-

sons jointly.

(Rs. 1,00,000).

(e) Bank including Central and provincial Co-operative Banks and Incorporated Banks, companies and Registered firms as described in Rules A (2) (vii) (a) and A (2) (x).

Rupees five thousand (Rs. 5,000).

(f) Employers including Firm and Companies on behalf of employees ≺ as described in rule A (2) (viii).

Rupees five sand (Rs. 5,000) on behalf of any one employee, subject to a maximum of Rupees fifteen sand (Rs. 15,000) in respect of the whole staff.

(g) Properly constituted Associa- $\begin{cases} \text{Rupees twenty thoutions as described in rule } A(2) (ix), \\ \end{cases}$ sand (Rs. 20,000).

ons as described in the control of Darbars $\{(h) \text{ The Government or Darbars } \}$ Rupoes five I Indian State (exclusively from $\{(Rs. 5,00,000).\}$ State Funds) under rule A(2) (xiv).

(i) Provident Funds of employees (as described in rule A (2) (xi) (e) \ Without limit when invested in lump sums.

(5) If the limit prescribed in sub-rules (2) and (4) for any one holder be exceeded as a result of acquisition of further Certificates by reason of-

(a) inheritance, or

(b) by award of Government to a soldier for valour, the holder shall be permitted to hold the excess, which shall earn interest, but the holder shall not further increase the holding.

Rule E-Penalty for holding Certificates in excess of maximum value prescribed under sub-rule (4) of rule D

- (1) If, through any cause, [except as provided for in sub-rule (5) of rule D] the total holding of any investor is discovered to be in excess of the limits prescribed, whether as a result of-
 - (a) Direct purchase, or (b) Receipt by transfer, or

(c) Purchase on the holder's behalf by any other person or agency, or

(d) Being in excess as a result of inheritance, or award to a soldier for valour, the holder has still further increased that excess,

the investor concerned shall be bound, immediately to discharge the excess holding when called upon to do so and further shall not be entitled to any interest thereon.

(2) Any interest or payment which may have been made in contravention of sub-rule (1), shall be refunded to Government on demand, and in the event of failure to refund, may (in addition to other remedies for the recovery thereof by Government) be deducted from any money payable by Government to the person who received the interest or payment or from his or her estate, or be recovered as an arrear of land revenue. ENCASHMENT AND DISCHARGE OF CERTIFICATES

Rule F-Where encashable

(1) Subject to the following provisions of this rule, Certificates shall be encashable at the Post Office of issue.

(2) A purchaser who anticipates that the Certificates may have to be encashed at an office other than that of issue may, at the time of purchase, sign the lower portion of the Application Form, which portion is known as the "Identity Slip for Encashment of National Savings Certifi-cates". The Slip should be kept carefully and separately from the Certificates to prevent possible loss of both simulations of an illiterate not from the Certificates to prevent possible loss of an illiterate person will not be accepted in lieu of signature on "Identity Slips".

On presentation of the "Identity Slip" together with the company has excepted at any Post Company of the compan

Certificate, the latter can be encashed at any Post Office

which does Savings Bank work.

No ''Identity Slip'' shall be issued in respect of Certi. ficates bought under rule A(2) (v) to (x) and (xii) to xiv)

(3) Purchasers who have acquired Certificates prior the issue of these rules may, on presentation of their Certificates at the office of issue, procure an "Identity Slip" by signing the same in the presence of the Postmaster. If necessary, the slip may be signed in the presence of the Postmaster of an office other than that presence of the Postmaster of an office other than that of issue, and in such cases the Postmaster concerned will on behalf of the applicant, send the slip for verification to the office of issue and deliver it on its return duly certified. The thumb-impression of an illiterate person will not be accepted in lieu of signature.

(4) A purchaser who has not obtained an "Identity Slip" in accordance with sub-rule (2) or (3) may, nevertheless encash his Certificates at another Post Office by effecting transfer of registration of his holdings from the Office of Issue to the office where encashment is desired, by obtaining (free) from a Post Office, the prescribed "Form for Transfer from one Post Office to another", and completing the same The form may be handed in together with the Certificates

(a) at the office of issue, or

(b) at the office to which transfer of registration is desired.

Note-In the case of (b) above, a temporary receipt will be given and the transfer will be effected after the Certificates have been verified by reference to the "Post Office of Issue". After the transfer has been effected, encashment may be made at any time desired, subject to the provisions of rule G(1), and if required an "Identity Slip" can be obtained in accordance with sub-rule (3).

(5) A purchaser can have the certificates made payable in the United Kingdom at the rate of Exchange current on the day of encashment by completing the prescribed Form (free at post offices) for "Endorsement for payment at the India Office, London". The Form may be submitted, duly signed to-

(a) the Post Office of issue, or

(b) any other Post Office.

In any case the Form for Endorsement must be accompanied by the Certificates for which a provisional receipt will be given. The Certificates when Endorsed will be returned in exchange for the provisional receipt.

A person already in the United Kingdom and in possession of Certificates which have not been endorsed, may

apply to the India Office, London.

(6) A purchaser may submit the 'Form for Endorsement for payment at the India Office, London' at the time of purchase, in which case the space on the back of the Form provided for details of the Certificates to be endorsed may be filled in with the words-

"The (number of Certificates) Certificates each of (face value) purchase of which is applied for in the accompanying Application Form".

Note-The Serial Numbers and denominations of the Certificates purchased will be filled in by the Postal authorities. A preliminary receipt for money will be given in all cases where the Certificates, cannot be immediately delivered, which receipt must be surrendered when the Certificates, duly endorsed, are delivered.

(7) Notwithstanding the fact that Certificates have been endorsed for payment in London, the holder shall not thereby be debarred from encashing the same at 9 Post Office in India in accordance with sub-rules (1) to (4) if so desired.

(8) (i) When a Certificate held by an adult on behalf of a minor is to be encashed by the adult in India, a leader that the second of the seco declaration must be given to the effect that the minor is still alive and the money is required on his or her behalf.

(ii) When a Certificate held by an adult on behalf of a minor is endorsed for payment in the United Kingdom, payment in the United Kingdom will be made to the natural or legal guardian. or to any other person, under the orders of the Secretary of State for India. If payment of such an endorsed Certificate is claimed in India, clause (i) of this sub-rule will apply.

Rule G-When encashable (1) Certificates of the Rs. 5 denomination shall be encashable at any time after the expiry of eighteen full reporting from the data. Other denominations months from the date of issue. shall be encashable after three full years from date of issue, except as provided for in sub-rule (2).

(2) Certificates of any denomination may be encashed before the periods mentioned in sub-rule (1) under the following conditions:

(a) After the death of the holder or after the death of both the holders in the case of a joint holding, when

encashment is required by the heir.

(b) Voluntarily by the holder when the holding is in excess of the limits prescribed in rule D(4), or on demand by the postal authorities on discovery of such excess.

(c) On retirement from service of a teacher or employed when the Certificate has been bought under the terms of rule A(2) (xi).

(i) (i) Owing to the death of the employee, or (ii) Owing to failure of the employee to repay the sum advanced by the Employer,

when the Certificates have been bought under the terms

of rule A(2) (viii).
(3) When Certificates pledged under rule M are being torteited owing to any default of the pledger and the pledgee claims the amount.

Note-If the entire pledged amount is not being claimed, fresh Certificates may be issued for the unclaimed balance under sub-rule (2) of rule H.

Rule H—Discharge of Certificates
(1) Every Certificate must on encashment be duly discharged, that is to say, signed on the back thereof by the

person entitled to receive payment.

- (2) At any time after three years a Certificate of high denomination may be discharged in part-such part being ten rupees or a multiple thereof, on applying to the Postmaster giving the amount it is desired to receive in cash, and the denominations of Certificates required for the balance remaining. The date of issue of Certificates given for the balance due will be that of the original Certificate partly discharged.
 - Pale 1-Encashment of Holdings of a Deccased Person

(1) When the holder of a Certificate dies, or when both the holders die in the case of a joint holding, the Postmaster-General of the Circle may authorise payment under the following conditions:

(a) Within three months of the death of the holder, (or of the second holder in case of joint holdings) on the

production of-

(i) Probate of the deceased's will, or

(ii) Letter of Administration of the deceased's Estate, or

(iii) A Certificate granted under the Indian Succession Act, 1925.

(b) After the expiry of three months from the date of death, if encashment has not been claimed under clause (a) to any person who produces one of the documents mentioned in that clause or who appears to him (the

Postmaster-(ieneral) to be entitled thereto, or to administer the I state of the deceased, provided that-

(i) the current value of the Certificates at the time of

death of the holder does not exceed Rs. 5,000,

(ii) a declaration be furnished that, to the best of the claimant's knowledge, there exist no Certificates in the name of the deceased other than those for which payment is sought, and that, if subsequently any more such Certificates be found, (thereby raising the value of the holding of the deceased at the time of death to more than Rs. 5,000), legal evidence of heirship, as required by the Post Office, will be produced.

(c) In no circumstances will the Certificates be encashable if the current value exceeded Rs. 5,000 at the time of death of the deceased, without production of one or other

of the documents referred to in clause (a).

Note—After the claim of the heir of a deceased holder has been established, the heir can becash them at once, or continue to hold them by transferring the Certificates to his or her name under rule K (4) and (5).

(2) Certificates endorsed for payment at the India Office, London, the property of a deceased holder, should be presented at the India Office, together with evidence of claim.

(3) Certificates standing in the name of a deceased teacher or employee, purchased in his or her name from the credit in a Provident Fund under rule A(2) (xi) shall be discharged by, and payment be made to, the Authority controlling the Provident Fund.

(4) Certificates purchased in joint names are payable to the survivor in case of the death of one holder, and a Head Postmaster is the competent Post Office Authority to issue

orders for payment.

[For Certificates standing in the joint names of holders both of whom are deceased, see sub-rule (1).]

Rule J-Interest payable on Certificates (1) The interest payable on a Certificate of five rupees shall be two annas after eighteen full months from date of issue, and four annas after three years, thereafter increasing by four annas for each completed further year not exceeding tweleve years from date of issue.

(2) The interest payable on a Certificate of Ten Rupees shall be eight annas after three full years from date of issue, thereafter increasing by eight annas annually for each further complete year not exceeding twelve years from date of issue. The interest on higher denominations shall be in

the same proportion. (3) The exact Surrender Value of each denomination of Certificate after each completed year of retention is shown in the following table. No interest is payable for any period

in excess of twelve years on any denomination of Certifi-

	Face Value				Surrender Value after complete years																		
			14	* 3	•	4		5		(i		7	_	8		9		. 10		11		12	,
Rupoes 5			5 2	5	4	5	S	5	12	C	. 0	G	4	6	8	6	12	7	0	7	4	7	8
Rupees 10				110	8 1	11	.0	11	S	12	0	1 3	8	13	0	13	8	14	O	14	8	15	0
Rupees 50	٠			52	8	55	0	57	8	60	0	62	8	65	0	67	8	70	0	72	ŝ	75	0
Rupees 100				105	0	110	()	115	0	120	O	125	0	1 30	0	135	0	140	0	145	0	150	0
Rupees 500				52 5	0	550	0	575	0	603	0	625	0	650	0	675	0	700	0	725	0	750	0 .
Rupees 1,00	00			1,050	0	1,100	0	1,150	0	1,200	0	1,250	0	1,300	0	1,350	0	1,400	0	1,450	0	1,500	0
Rupees 5.0	00			5,250	0	5,500	0	5,750	0	6,000	0	6,250	()	6,500	0	6,750	0	7,000	0	7,250	0.	7,500	0

(4) Interest will cease to accrue on the expiry of three months from the date of surrender to an official for payment of Government or State dues under the terms of rule L(1).

(5) Payment on Encashment of Certificates is free of

Stamp Duty.

-Transfer from one person to another For transfer from one Post Office to another see rule 'F',

sub-rules (2) to (4).] (1) Except as provided for in sub-rule (4), Certificates may be transferred from one person to another on the written authority of-

(a) A Presidency, or First Class Postmaster, or

(b) a Superintendent of Post Offices (where the office of issue of the Certificate is, or is under, a Second Class Head Post Office).

Except as provided for in sub-rule (4), an application for transfer must be made in writing to the Postmaster setting forth-

(i) Name and address of the applicant

(ii) Face value of the Certificates it is sought to transfor, their Serial Numbers, and the Office of Issue of each.

(iii) Name of person to whom transfer is proposed.

(iv) Degree of relationship (if any) to the applicant of the person to whom transfer is proposed.

(v) The full circumstances which necessitate the transfer. If the application is for transfer before the expiry of eighteen months in the case of Rs. 5 Certificate or before the expiry of three years in the case of other Certificates from the date of purchase, it will be allowed only in exceptional circumstances and the application must bear a certificate signed by a District Magisrate to the following effect:-

"Having made the necessary enquiries I certify that, to the best of my belief, the facts stated above are substantially correct.

The fee payable on an application for transfer under this rule shall be as shown in the following table and will under no circumstances be refundable:-

Total face value of Certificates	V .			Feo payable Rs. As.		
Rs. 5 to 100					0	4
Rs. 105 to 1,000					0	8
P.s. 1,005 to 2,000					0	12
Rs. 2,005 to 2,0 0					1	0
Rs. 3,005 to 4,000					1	4
Above Rs. 4,000					1	8

Under no circumstances shall a Certificate held on behalf of a minor be transferable to any person other than to the minor concerned, or to his or her heirs.

(2) Under no circumstances shall a Certificate bought under the terms of rule A(2) (xi) be transferable except on the written instructions of the Authority Controlling the Provident Fund.

(3) The decision of the Postal Authority mentioned in sub-rule (1) whether to sanction or withhold sanction for

transfer, shall be final.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-rule (1) transfers of the following nature will normally be permissible at any time and can be sanctioned by Head Postmasters and Sub-Postmasters of the office where the Certificate is registered, on receipt of the prescribed Form (obtainable at Post Offices) for transfer. These transfers will be free of charge:-

(a) From the Authority Controlling a Teachers or Employees' Provident Fund to the Teacher or Employee on whose behalf it was bought under rule A(2) (xi).

(b) From an Employer to an Employee on whose behalf

it was bought under rule A(2) (viii).

(c) From a holder to a Government official to whom the Certificate is pledged as Security and vice versa under rule M(2).

(d) From a holder to a Government or Indian State official for the payment of Government or State dues under the terms of rule L(1) and (2).

(c) From the name of a deceased holder to his or her heir,

vide note below rule I(1).

Note—The Endorsement to be made in red ink on a Certificate purchased on behalf of a Teacher or Employee under rule B(9) (iii) can only be cancelled (thus effecting transfer to the teacher or employee) by the further endorsement of the Authority Controlling the Fund. as provided for in rule B(9) (iv).

(5) In every case of transfer the original Certificate must be duly discharged, and a new Certificate will be issued in the name of the transferee and will bear the same date as the original Certificate surrendered.

Rule L-Transfer of Certificates to a Government or Indian State official for the payment of Government/State dues

- (1) At any time after eighteen months from date of purchase in the case of Rs. 5 Certificates and after three years from date of purchase in the case of other Certificates, Certificates can be used to pay any Government or State dues to an official of any Province or State, the Government of which authorises acceptance of Certificates for such
- (2) The holder desiring to make payment in accordance with sub-rule (1) shall fill in and sign a prescribed Form (obtainable from Post Offices) and present it together with the Certificates, duly discharged, (signed on the back) 10 the official receiving payment. If the holder be illiterate his thumb-impression both on the Form and on the Certi-

neates shall be attested by a Government or State official.

(3) The official receiving Certificates under sub-rule (2), will encash them at the Post Office of issue, in the usual manner prescribed.

[Note—See also rule J(4)]

Rule M-Pledging of Certificates as Security

(1) Transfers of Certificates as Security to private indivi-

duals. Banks or other concerns is prohibited.

(2) C refricates can be transferred to any Officer of Government in his official capacity [e.g., to his official designation such as "DISTRICT MAGISTRATE (Place)"], but not to his personal name, to be treated as Security.

(3) A person who has lodged money with a Government official as Security can authorise, or consent to, its being

invested in Certificates.

- (4) The value of the Security shall be-
- (a) The amount for which the Certificates were pur-
- (b) The surrender value [See rule J(3)] on the date on which transferred as Security if interest has accrued.
- (5) The procedure for pledging Certificates shall be as follows:-
- (a) The pledgee must obtain from the officer to whom the Certificates are to be pledged written authority to pledge them to him in his official capacity as Security.
- (b) If the pledger has not yet bought the Certificates he shall write on the Application Form for purchase above his signature the words "Pledged to (Official designation).

vide authority attached, and to be issued to him in his orficial capacity

(c) If the pledger is already in possession of the Certific the pledger is already in possession of the Certific the place of the certific that the certific tha ficates, he must present at the Post Office the prescriber Form for Transfer (obtainable at Post Offices) applying to rity referred to in clause (a) must be attached and the Certificates be at the same time presented.

(d) When the Security is to be released, the officer con cerned shall give written authority to the pledger to resume possession, and shall return to him the Certificates. The pledger can then present the authority and Certificates at the Post Office, and have them transferred to his own name [vide rule K(4) (c)].

Rule N-Replacement of lost, destroyed or damaged Centificules and facility for Central Registration in certain areas

(1) If a Certificate is lost or destroyed, the investor shall be entitled to a "Declaration in fieu" issued by the Deputy Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs, on his furnishing a written statement to the Post Office of Issue [or the Post Office of Registration if the Certificate has been transferred under rule F(4)] giving particulars of the Certificate and the circumstances under which it was lost or destroyed. If the Certificate was in the names of joint holders, both of then

must sign the statement. Where an "Indentity Slip" [vide sub-rule F(2)] has been obtained and the Certificates to which it relates, or any of them, is subsequently lost, the "Identity Slip" should be presented at the Office of Issue, for the issue of a "Declaration in licu". This Declaration will be encashable only at the Office of Issue. If, however, both the Certificate and the "Identity Slip" are lost, a "Declaration in lieu" shall only be issued, in the case of Certificates of the face value not exceeding Rs. 500, on satisfactory proof of elections and in the case of certificates. factory proof of identity and, in the case of certificates of the face value exceeding Rs. 500, on execution by the holder of an Indemnity Bond with one approved Surety or Bank's Guarantee. The "Declaration in lieu" will be issued one month after receipt of the application.

Nort-The application for issue of the "Declaration in lieu" may be made at any Post Office doing Savings Bank work which should take necessary action after due reference to the Office of Issue.

(2) A declaration issued by the Deputy Accountant-Gene ral. Posts and Telegraphs, under sub-rule (1) shall be treated as equivalent to the original Certificate for all the purposes of these Rules, except that it shall not be encashable at: Post Office, other than that at which of is registered, with out previous verification.

If a Certificate is lost or destroyed, a fee on the scalspecified below shall accompany the statement required under sub-rule (1) and in no case will this fee be refunded

(3) The fee payable on application for issue of a "Declaration in lieu" of a lost or destroyed Certificate shall be-

Rs. A. P. For a Certificate of Rs. 5 or Rs. 10 For a Certificate of Rs. 50 or Rs. 100 For a Certificate of Rs. 500 or Rs. 1,000 For a Certificate of Rs. 5,000

(4) The Post Office will not be responsible for any los caused to a holder by another person obtaining possession

of a Certificate and fraudulently encashing it.

(a) If a Certificate is spoilt, a new Certificate bearing the same date of issue as the original, will be issued by Head Postmaster on the holder surrendering the spoil Certificate. If it is surrendered at a Head Post Office other. than that of issue, a new Certificate will be issued only after reference by the postal authorities to the Post Office of issue [or the Post Office to which transfer of Registration may have been made under rule F(4)].

Note—As an additional security, holders of Certificates in Assan Bengal, Madras, Bihar and Orissa may, on application at a Por Office in the above areas, procure a special form which, on held presented (together with the Certificate) will enable their Certificate cates to be registered (free of charge) at the Central Registration Office at Lucknow. A postcard acknowledging that registration life and the contract of the con been duly effected will be sent from the Central Registration Office

direct to the holder.

Rule O-Validity of previous transactions
The supersession of the Post Office Twelve Year Nations
Savings Certificates Rules is hereby declared to be without or all prejudice to the validity of any Certificates issued, or all other action taken, thereunder.

M. K. SEN GUPT. Financial Adviser